Routes to Rural Readiness: Enhancing Clinical Experiences for Nurse Practitioner Practice in Rural Primary Care

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Presentation Objectives

- Examine characteristics of rural-oriented NP education programs
- Identify factors which promote student participation in rural clinical experiences
- Describe successful strategies to recruit for and retain NPs in rural practice



Project Objectives

- Identify approaches of rural-oriented NP education and training programs found to be successful in facilitating NPs' transition from education to rural employment and effective practice
- Identify and describe rural training sites and NP residencies/fellowships across the U.S. designed to recruit and retain NPs in rural practice



Background

- Estimates suggest up to 75% of rural primary care services could be provided by NPs and physician assistants
- 2012 National Sample Survey of NPs data indicated rural compared with urban NPs more often used their NP skills to the full extent of their legal scope, were more satisfied with their work, and planned to stay in their jobs



Background

- Factors encouraging NP practice in primary care include having NP program faculty mentors, preceptors, and primary care clinical experiences for students
- Little is known about the aspects of rural clinical training that best prepare and encourage NPs to choose and succeed in rural practice



Project Approach

- Survey of directors of rural-oriented NP education programs to identify characteristics of programs most involved in rural areas
- Interviews with select rural-oriented NP education program directors
- Interviews with directors, preceptors, NPs, and NP residents/fellows and graduates from rural clinical training sites
 - Topics include motivations for and benefits of participation in rural clinical training, factors that strengthen students' and clinical sites' training experiences, and recommendations for support of future training



Preliminary SURVEY RESULTS



Survey Response Rates*

	Family	Adult- Gero	Pediatrics	Women's Health	Overall
# Responses	93	29	19	13	154
Total # in Sample	165	62	43	21	291
Response Rate	56.4%	46.8%	44.2%	61.9%	52.9%

^{*}Preliminary results as of 4/30/19



Survey Results* by US Census Region

Midwest: 58.5%

(48/82 programs)

Northeast: 43.9%

(18/41 programs)

South: 48.2%

(55/114 programs)

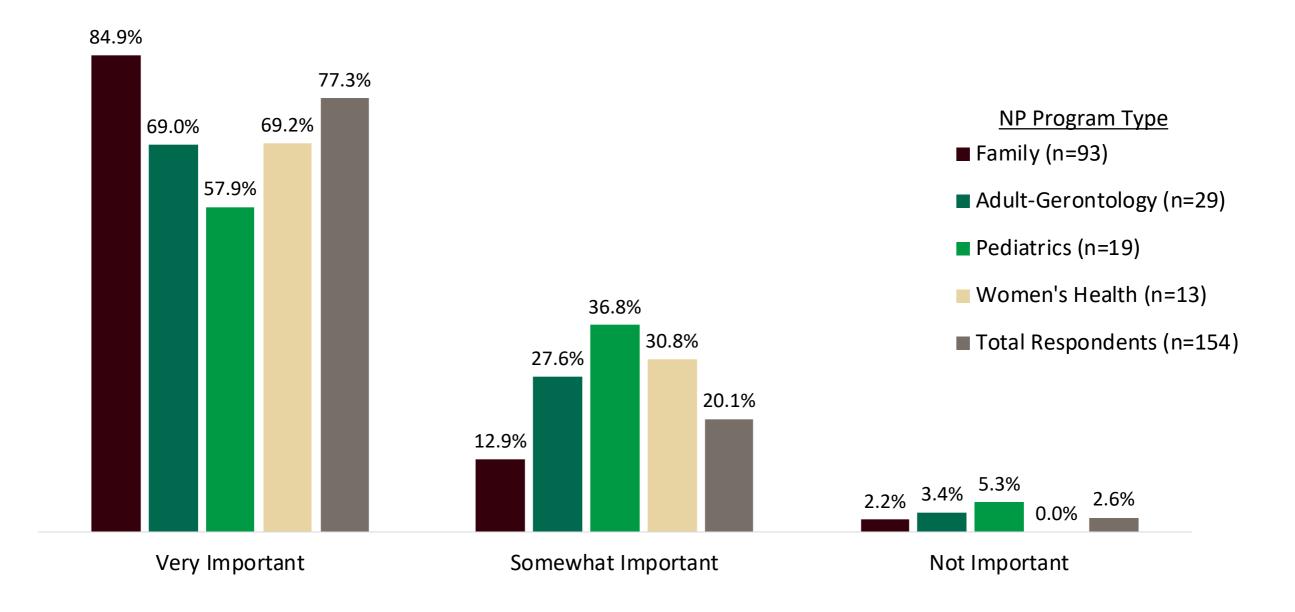
West: 62.3%

(33/53 programs)

*Preliminary results as of 4/30

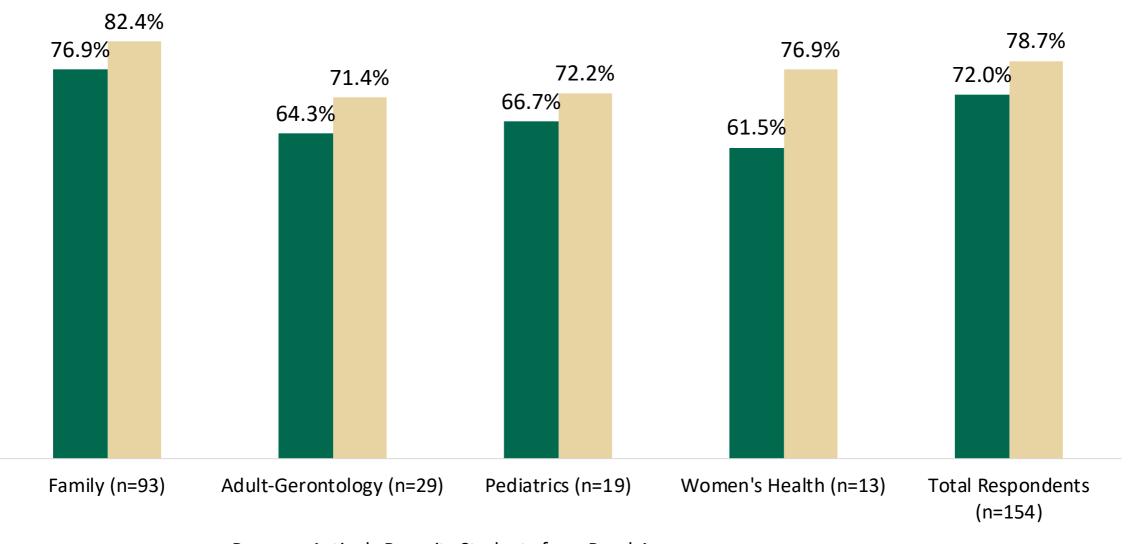


Rating of Importance of Preparing NPs for Rural Practice to Program's Mission/Goals*





Primary Care NP Programs' Active Recruitment of Rural and Rural-Serving Students*



- Program Actively Recruits Students from Rural Areas
- Program Actively Recruits Students Intending to Practice In/Serve Rural



Receipt of Dedicated Funding For Rural-Oriented Clinical Education in the Past 3 Years*

	Received Dedicated Funding				
	No	Yes			
	n=86	n=63			
Importance of Rural Practice to Program Mission/Goals					
Somewhat Important	23.3%	15.9%			
Very Important	76.7%	84.1%			
Program Actively Recruits from Rural Areas					
No	27.9%	27.0%			
Yes	72.1%	73.0%			
Program Actively Recruits Students Intending to Practice In/ Serve Rural					
No	22.1%	20.6%			
Yes	77.9%	79.4%			



NP Programs Currently Offering Rural or Rural-serving Primary Care Clinical Sites*

	NP Program					
		Adult-				
	Family	Gerontology	Pediatrics	Health	Total	
# respondents	n=91	n=28	n=18	n=13	n=150	
No	9.9%	7.1%	5.6%	23.1%	10.0%	
Yes	90.1%	92.9%	94.4%	76.9%	90.0%	



NP Program Ability to Offer Rural/Rural-Serving Primary Care Clinical Sites*

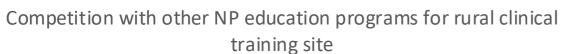
	NP Program				
		Adult-			
	Gerontolog		Women's		
	Family	У	Pediatrics	Health	Total
# respondents	n=89	n=28	n=18	n=11	n=146
Consistently Able to Offer Rural					
Clinical Sites to Students	65.2%	53.6%	44.4%	18.2%	56.8%
Only Offer Rural Clinical Sites					
When Able	29.2%	39.3%	55.6%	72.7%	37.7%
N/A-Not Currently Offering					
Rural NP Training	5.6%	7.1%	0.0%	9.1%	5.5%



NP Program Barriers to Rural Clinical Training*

■ Not a Barrier ■ Don't Know

Minor Barrier



Competition with other (non-NP) health occupations education programs for rural clinical training sites

Student difficulty paying travel and living expenses for rural clinical rotations

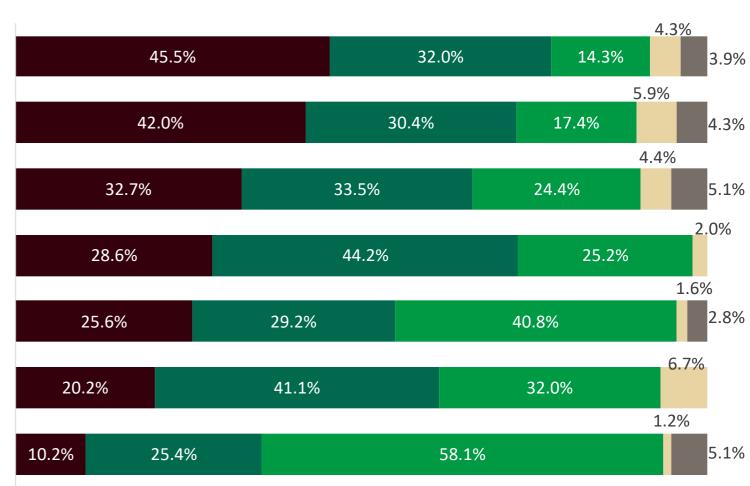
Few students willing to travel to rural sites

Major Barrier

Program does not have sufficient staff to identify/coordinate rural clinical sites

Few rural providers willing to precept students

Faculty not able to make site visits to rural areas





PRELIMINARY PROGRAM DIRECTOR INTERVIEW RESULTS



Characteristics of the Programs

- Most offer all distance or hybrid learning
- Range from 12 students per year to 200 per year
- Locations vary from full practice authority state to restricted practice state
- No specific rural course with rural content integrated throughout the curriculum
- Many have HRSA Advanced Nursing Education Workforce grants



Characteristics of Students

- Typically in-state students unless program is on a state border
- Some states are mostly rural such as WY and NC so students are mostly from rural areas
- Many students seek underserved urban practice rather than rural
- Students who seek rural practice are usually from rural areas



Characteristics of Successful Rural Sites

- Committed preceptor both to the practice and to teaching/education
- Student is from the rural area and is known to the community
- Patients are willing to see the students



Factors that Facilitate Rural Placements

- Having alumni in the clinical sites
- HRSA funding for students
- Students want to work in the area where the rural clinic is located
- Personal connections of the faculty



Barriers to Placing Students in Rural Sites

- Competition with other NP programs and other health professions programs
- Student resistance
- Cost of travel
- Shortage of primary care providers
- Clinic policies particularly about productivity
- Health systems limiting NP students



Next Steps

- Interviews with rural clinical sites
- Complete analysis of data
- Develop a set of lessons learned and best practices
- Disseminate findings to NP education programs, residencies/fellowships, rural practices, rural health organizations and policymakers



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Questions?

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